

Chapter 26



Chapter 26 CASE Workbenches

Learning Objective
.... Software tools to support specific process phases



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CASE workbenches

Software tools to support
specific process phases

Objectives

- To describe different types of CASE workbench
- To discuss the notion of open and closed CASE workbenches
- To describe the structure and components of design, programming and testing workbenches
- To introduce meta-CASE tools for CASE workbench creation

Topics covered

Programming workbenches
Analysis and design workbenches
Testing workbenches
Meta-CASE workbenches

CASE workbenches

A set of tools which supports a particular phase in the software process
Tools work together to provide comprehensive support
Common services are provided which are used by all tools and some data integration is supported

Types of workbench

Programming, design and testing workbenches covered here

Other types of workbench are

- Cross-development workbenches for host-target development
- Configuration management workbenches (discussed in Chapter 32)
- Documentation workbenches for producing professional system documentation
- Project management workbenches. Some management tools are discussed in Chapters 3 and 29

Open workbenches

Control integration mechanisms are provided and the data integration protocols are public. New tools can therefore be added by users

Advantages

- The workbench can be tailored to specific organizational needs
- The file outputs may be managed by a configuration management system
- Incremental workbench introduction and evolution is possible
- Organizations can source tools from different vendors. Diversity of supply is possible

Closed workbenches

Many commercial workbenches are closed systems. The control and data integration protocols are proprietary. These are more common than open workbenches

Allows for tighter tool integration including presentation integration

However, it is impossible to integrate third-party tools and the user is tied to a single supplier

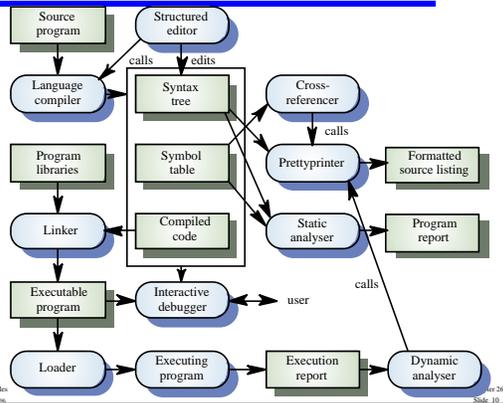
Programming workbenches

A set of tools to support program development
First CASE workbenches. Include compilers, linkers, loaders, etc.

Programming workbenches are often integrated around an abstract program representation (the abstract syntax tree) which allows for tight integration of tools

Integration around shared source-code files is also possible

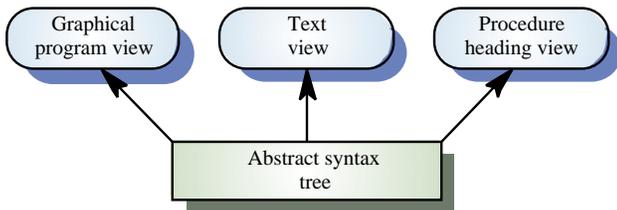
A programming workbench



Language-directed workbenches

- Integrated around an abstract program representation
- The system editor has language knowledge and can edit the abstract representation rather than the source code text
- A range of program analysis tools may be supported
- Allow multiple views of the program to be generated

Multiple program views



4GL workbenches

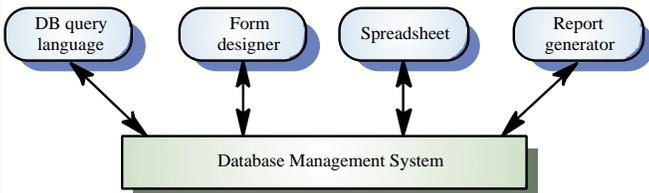
Provide facilities for developing 4GL programs
Integrated around a database management system

Components usually include

- Database query language
- Form design system
- Spreadsheet
- Report generator

Very effective in developing business systems

A 4GL workbench



Design and analysis workbenches

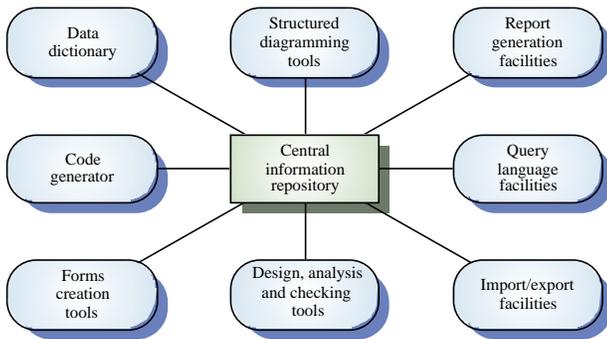
Support the generation of system models during design and analysis activities

Usually intended to support a specific structured method

Provide graphical editors plus a shared repository

May include code generators to create source code from design information

An analysis and design workbench



Workbench advantages

- Generally available on relatively cheap personal computers
- Results in standardized documentation for software systems
- Estimated that productivity improvements of 40% are possible with fewer defects in the completed systems

Workbench drawbacks

- These systems are usually closed environments with tight integration between the tools
- Import/export facilities are limited. ASCII and Postscript diagrams
- Difficult or impossible to adapt method to specific organizational needs
- Configuration management may either be excluded or specific to that workbench. Difficult to integrate with other systems in the organization

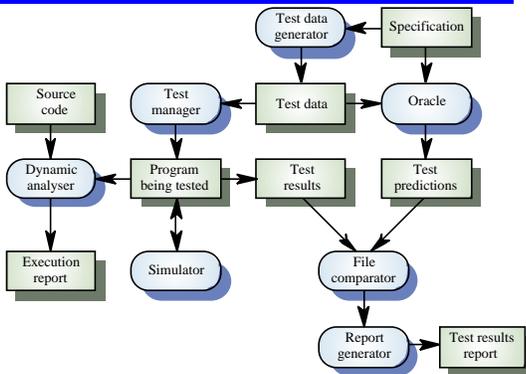
Testing workbenches

Testing is an expensive process phase. Testing workbenches provide a range of tools to reduce the time required and total testing costs

Most testing workbenches are open systems because testing needs are organization-specific

Difficult to integrate with closed design and analysis workbenches

A testing workbench



Testing workbench adaptations

Scripts may be developed for user interface simulators and patterns for test data generators

Test outputs may have to be prepared manually for comparison

Special-purpose file comparators may be developed

Meta-CASE

Design and analysis workbenches are conceptually similar. Often the differences are only in the diagram types supported and the method rules and guidelines

Programming workbenches are integrated around a syntax representation which may be separately defined

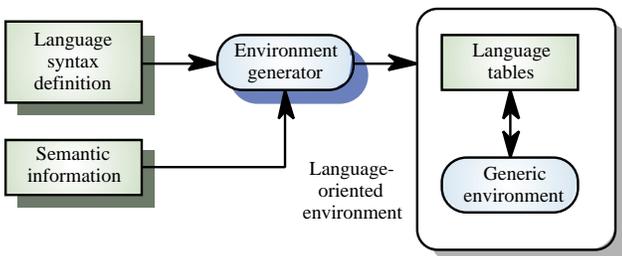
Meta-CASE workbenches are tools which assist the process of creating workbenches. They reduce the costs of CASE workbench creation

Programming workbench generators

First tools of this type were generated in the early 1980s (Mentor, Synthesizer Generator, Gandalf)

The syntax and semantics of the programming language is defined and used to tailor generic language processing tools

Environment generation



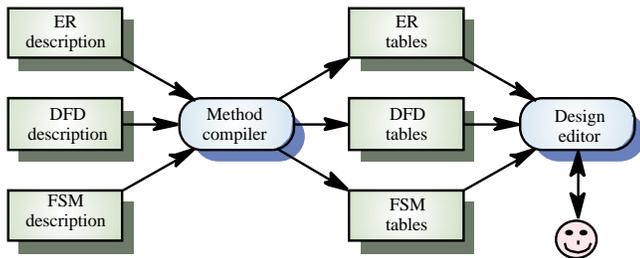
Design workbench generation

Design and analysis workbenches can be created by using a method-definition language to define the method rules and guidelines

Components of a meta-CASE workbench include

- General-purpose repository
- Tools to create structure editors or textual notations and programming languages
- A generic diagram editing system
- Code generators for various languages
- Forms and report generators

A multi-notation design editor



Key points

CASE workbenches are integrated toolsets to support a phase of the software process

Workbenches may be open or closed systems

Programming workbenches, analysis and design workbenches and testing workbenches are widely used

Analysis and design workbenches may include graphical editors, report generators and a data dictionary

Key points

Testing workbenches may include test managers, dynamic analyzers, test data generators, file comparators and different types of emulator

Meta-CASE workbenches are CASE systems which are used to generate other CASE systems. They may be based on descriptions of the notations and rules of design methods
